ASSESSING AWARENESS OF GENDER DYSPHORIA AND GENDER AFFIRMATION CARE IN WEST VIRGINIA

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The aim of the study was to determine awareness, attitudes, interest, and access to care in regards to transgender and gender-diverse individuals in rural locations through the WVPBRN's CORE Survey (67 respondents).



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ARE NOT
ENTIRELY
COMFORTABLE WITH
MAKING THE
DIAGNOSIS OF
GENDER DYSPHORIA



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ONLY
SOMETIMES OR
RARELY ENCOUNTER
PATIENTS WITH
GENDER DYSPHORIA



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ARE
WILLING TO DISTRIBUTE
INFORMATION ON
TRANSGENDER HEALTH
RESOURCES IF GIVEN
THE RESOURCES



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS DO NOT
FEEL COMPLETELY
COMFORTABLE WITH
THE MANAGEMENT OF
GENDER DYSPHORIA



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ARE
UNCOMFORTABLE
REFERRING PATIENTS
FOR GENDERAFFIRMING CARE



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ARE
UNAWARE OF
SURGICAL OPTIONS



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ARE
UNFAMILIAR WITH
INSURANCE
COVERAGE FOR
SURGERY



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ARE
UNAWARE OF
MULTIDISCIPLINARY
CLINICS FOR GENDER
DYSPHORIA IN WEST
VIRGINIA



OF SURVEYED
PROVIDERS ARE
UNFAMILIAR WITH THE
CURRENT
RECOMMENDATIONS
FROM THE WORLD
PROFESSIONAL
ASSOCIATION FOR
TRANSGENDER HEALTH

The survey findings suggest:

- Most PCPs in WV have little exposure to gender dysphoria
- Providers remain unfamiliar with the management of gender-affirming care
- Our survey shows there is a need for education on :
 - Current guidelines
 - Existing resources such as multidisciplinary clinics
 - Treatment options
 - Insurance coverage

